

13 Sep 2024

primal-dual analysis of online algorithms

LP relaxation of ski rental

$$\min \sum_{i=1}^T x_i + Bz$$

$$\text{s.t. } x_i + z \geq 1 \quad \text{for } i=1, \dots, T$$

$$x_1, \dots, x_T, z \geq 0$$

Dual

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^T y_i$$

$$\text{s.t. } y_i \leq 1 \quad \forall i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^T y_i \leq B$$

$$y_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i$$

At time  $i$  we are going to set

$$y_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i \leq B \\ 0 & \text{if } i > B \end{cases}$$

because we know that's guaranteed to be optimal for DUAL.

If we set a value of  $x_i \leq x_{i-1}$

$$\text{and set } z = 1 - x_i \geq 1 - x_{i-1}$$

$$\text{Then } \Delta \text{Primal} = x_i + B \Delta z = x_i + B(x_{i-1} - x_i)$$

$$\Delta \text{Dual} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i \leq B \\ \emptyset & \text{if } i > B. \end{cases}$$

We want  $\Delta \text{Primal} \leq \alpha (\Delta \text{Dual})$  so we better

design primal alg. st.  $\Delta \text{Primal} \leq \begin{cases} \alpha & \text{if } i \leq B \\ \emptyset & \text{if } i > B. \end{cases}$

When  $\bar{i} > B$  we need  $\Delta \text{Primal} = 0$

hence  $x_i = x_{i-1} = 0$ .

Recall  $x_{i-1} + z \geq 1$  at time  $i-1$

$\implies z$  must equal 1 when we reach iteration  $i-1 = B$  if not earlier.

What about making  $\Delta \text{Primal} \leq \alpha$  when  $i \leq B$ ?

The algorithm we're designing sets some value for  $x_i$  if the ski season lasts for  $\geq i$  days.

Call this value  $f\left(\frac{i}{B}\right)$  where  $f: [0,1] \rightarrow [0,1]$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha \geq \Delta \text{Primal} &= x_i + B(x_{i-1} - x_i) \\ &= f\left(\frac{i}{B}\right) - B\left(f\left(\frac{i}{B}\right) - f\left(\frac{i-1}{B}\right)\right) \\ &= f\left(\frac{i}{B}\right) - \frac{f\left(\frac{i}{B}\right) - f\left(\frac{i-1}{B}\right)}{\frac{1}{B}} \end{aligned}$$

What about taking  $f$  to be a solution to

$$f(x) - f'(x) = \alpha.$$

With boundary conditions  $f(0) = 1$ ,  $f(1) = 0$

the solution is

$$\alpha = \frac{2}{e-1} \quad f(x) = 1 - (\alpha-1)(e^x - 1).$$

# Online matching

## PRIMAL

$$\max \sum_{\{u,v\} \in E} x_{uv}$$

$$\text{s.t. } \forall u \quad \sum_{v \in N(u)} x_{uv} \leq 1$$

$$\forall v \quad \sum_{u \in N(v)} x_{uv} \leq 1$$

$$x_{uv} \geq 0 \quad \forall u, v$$

## DUAL

$$\min \sum_{u \in L} y_u + \sum_{v \in R} y_v$$

$$\text{s.t. } y_u + y_v \geq 1$$

$$\forall \text{edge } \{u,v\}$$

$$\vec{y} \geq 0$$