

11 Sep 2024

The Ski Rental Problem

Reminders:

Prob Set 1 due Fri

(grace period Sun)

Hand in on Gradescope.

Each group submits one set of sol's.

Linda covers my OHI today, 3:30-5,
Gates 317.

SKI RENTAL

A skier will make T ski trips this season.

Each trip, they must either

- rent \leftarrow cost of 1 per trip

- own \leftarrow cost of B the first time you choose this option, \emptyset after.

Goal: minimize total cost.

Offline version: T known, design optimal plan.

IF $T < B$: buy once at start

$T > B$: rent each time

$T = B$: doesn't matter.

Online version: T starts at \emptyset and is incremented ^{by 1.} an unknown # of times.

Online algorithm: rent the first B times, then buy.

2 -competitive:

$$T \leq B$$

ALG pays T

$$\text{OPT} = T$$

$$T > B$$

ALG pays $2B$

$$\text{OPT} = B$$

Deterministic can't be c -competitive for $c < 2$:

if the algorithm transitions to owning after renting k times, the worst case input has $T = k + 1$, and the lower bound $c \geq 2$ follows by case analysis: $k < B$ vs. $k \geq B$.

For randomized algorithm, we will say

it is c -competitive if ...

$$\sup_T \frac{\mathbb{E}[\text{algorithm's cost on input } T]}{\text{OPT}(T)} \leq c.$$

LP relaxation of ski rental

$$\min \sum_{i=1}^T x_i + Bz$$

$$\text{st. } x_i + z \geq 1 \quad \text{for } i=1, \dots, T$$

$$x_1, \dots, x_T, z \geq 0$$

Dual

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^T y_i$$

$$\text{st. } y_i \leq 1 \quad \forall i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^T y_i \leq B$$

$$y_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i$$

Online algorithm design strategy:

1. Set $\{x_i, z\}$ and y_i in tandem.

x_t, y_t will be set permanently at time t .

z will only increase over time.

2. For all $t \leq T$ make sure

(x_1, \dots, x_t, z) feasible for LP(t)

(y_1, \dots, y_t) feasible for DUAL(t)

3) Make sure PRIMAL LP objective
never exceeds DUAL objective
by more than a factor of
 $\alpha = \frac{e}{e-1}$.