Tell whether the statements below make sense (not whether they are true or false).

- 1. $\{a, b\}^*$ is of infinite length. **nonsense** Sets have *size* or *cardinality*, not length. Strings have length.
- 2. $\{a, b\}\{a, b\}\{a, b\}$ contains 8 elements. sense The expression $\{a, b\}\{a, b\}\{a, b\}$ denotes a set, namely the set $\{aaa, aab, aba, baa, abb, bab, bba, bbb\}$, which in fact has 8 elements.
- 3. The string *aabab* is an element of the automaton M. **nonsense** A string cannot be an element of an automaton. It can be an element of the set of strings accepted by an automaton. It would make sense to say *aabab* is an element of L(M), or that *aabab* is accepted by M.
- 4. M is a DFA with start state $\{q\}$. sense The states of an automaton can be any finite set, including sets of states of another automaton. In fact, this happens in the subset construction (K, Lectures 5,6).
- 5. $L(M) = \emptyset$. sense
- 6. Any single string x is regular. **nonsense** Strings cannot be regular. Sets of strings can be regular. It would be proper to say that any singleton set $\{x\}$ is regular.

Tell whether the given strings match the given regular expressions.

- 7. $aaba \quad a^* + b^*$ does not match
- 8. abbbb $(\varepsilon + a)^*b^*$ matches
- 9. $abb \quad b^* + (a+b)^*b$ matches
- 10. babab $b(ab)^*$ matches
- 11. $abb \quad (a+b)(a+b)^*a(a+b)^*$ does not match