CS 481 Homework 4 due Friday September 23

Do each problem on a separate set of pages and please remember to write your name, net-id and problem number on the top right hand corner of each page.

- 1. 4.2.6 from the book using machine constructions.
- 2. Let \mathcal{L} be a set of languages such that \mathcal{L} is closed under the following operations:
 - (a) If L_1, L_2 are in \mathcal{L} , so is $L_1 \cdot L_2 = \{xy | x \in L_1, y \in L_2\}$.
 - (b) If L is in \mathcal{L} , so is $L \cap R$ for any regular language R.
 - (c) If L is in \mathcal{L} , so are h(L) and $h^{-1}(L)$ where h is a homomorphism and h^{-1} is the inverse homomorphism.

Show that \mathcal{L} is closed under union i.e. if L_1 and L_2 are in \mathcal{L} , then $L_1 \cup L_2$ is too.

3. For A to be a set of natural numbers, define

binaryA = {binary representation of number of
$$A$$
} \subseteq {0, 1}* **unaryA** = {unary representation of number of A } \subseteq {0}*

For example, if $A = \{2, 3, 5\}$, binary $A = \{10, 11, 101\}$ and unary $A = \{00, 000, 00000\}$.

One of the following statements is true and the other is false. State which is which and prove.

- (a) $\forall A$, if **binaryA** is regular, then **unaryA** is regular.
- (b) $\forall A$, if **unaryA** is regular, then **binaryA** is regular.
- 4. For this question assume that the following two languages L_1 and L_2 are not regular.

$$L_1 = \{0^i 1^i \mid i \ge 0\}$$

$$L_2 = \{0^i 10^i \mid i \ge 0\}$$

Assuming the closure properties of regular languages, under union, intersection, closure and homomorphisms and its inverse, show that none of the following languages are regular. *Hint*: Show that if they were regular, then L_1 or L_2 would be regular.

- (a) $\{0^{2i}1^{3i} \mid i \ge 0\}$.
- (b) $\{ww \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}.$
- (c) $\{0^i 1^j \mid i = j + 50\}.$
- (d) $\{0^i 1^j 2^k \mid i = j \lor j = k\}.$