CS 280, Final, December 16, 1999

Student's Name:

Student's College:

Show all your work unless otherwise is stated. Each problem is 10 points worth.

1. a) Determine which of the following propositions are tautologies. Show why.

i)
$$(p \to \neg p) \to (p \to q)$$
 ii) $[(p \lor q) \to r] \leftrightarrow [(p \to r) \lor (q \to r)]$

b) Write down a proposition P over the variables p, q, r such that P is false only when p, q, r have truth values *false*, *true*, *false* or *true*, *false*, *false* respectively.

c) Can such an F be constructed using connectives \land, \lor only? If yes, do. Otherwise show why not?

2. a) Let L(x, y) be x loves y, b be Bob, m be Mary. Give English language translations of the following symbolic sentences (do not use variables in the answer)

i)
$$\forall x \exists y L(x, y)$$

ii)
$$\exists x L(x, b) \rightarrow L(m, b)$$

iii)
$$\forall x(L(x,m) \rightarrow \neg L(b,x))$$

iv) $L(b,b) \rightarrow \neg L(b,m)$.

b) Which of the following sentences are logically equivalent (answers only)? In principle, you have to determine equivalence for all 6 pairs of sentences.

 $i) \exists x (A(x) \to B(x)), \ ii) \exists x (A(x) \to \forall y A(y)), \ iii) \forall x A(x) \to \exists x B(x), \ iv) \exists x B(x) \lor \forall y \neg B(y).$

3. Which of the following are true (A and B are arbitrary sets)? Yes-No answers.

- a) if $A \subseteq B$ and $B = \{\emptyset\}$ then A = B
- b) if $A \subseteq B$ and $B = \{\emptyset\}$ then $A = \emptyset$
- c) $\emptyset \in A$
- d) $\emptyset \subseteq A$

e)
$$\overline{A \cup \overline{B}} = B \cap \overline{A}$$

- f) $A \cap B = \overline{(\overline{A} \cup \overline{B})}$ g) $(A - B) \cap (B - A) = \emptyset$ h) if $A \times B = \emptyset$ then $A = \emptyset$ and $B = \emptyset$ i) $A \subseteq A \times A$
- j) $A \times A = A$ for some A
- 4. a) How many one-to-one functions from $\{a, b, c, d\}$ onto $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ are there?

b) How many one-to-one functions f from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ onto itself are there such that $f = f^{-1}$?

c) Let f be a function. Which of the following are true? Yes-No answers.

- i) $f(A \cap B) = f(A) \cap f(B)$ ii) $f(A \cup B) = f(A) \cup f(B)$ iii) $f^{-1}(C \cap D) = f^{-1}(C) \cap f^{-1}(D)$ iv) $f^{-1}(C \cup D) = f^{-1}(C) \cup f^{-1}(D)$ v) $f(\overline{A}) = \overline{f(A)}$ vi) $f^{-1}(\overline{C}) = \overline{f^{-1}(C)}$
- 5. Yes-No answers. Is it true that n^2 is O(g(n)), if g(n) is
 - a) $100n^2 + 101n$
 - b) n^{3}
 - c) $n \log n$
 - d) $n^2 \log n$
 - e) $n^2 + \log n$
- 6. a) Use the Euclidean algorithm to find gcd(111, 2222)
 - b) Find the inverse of 6 modulo 11
 - c) Find a positive integer x such that $x = 3 \pmod{9}$ and $x = 5 \pmod{10}$
- 7. a) Perform the following operation on binary numbers
 - i) 11011 + 10110 =
 - ii) $11011 \cdot 10110 =$
 - iii) 11011/10110 = (find a quotient and a remainder)
 - b) Transform $(11011)_2$ into decimal
 - c) How many bits can the binary expansion of a six decimal digit number have?

8. a) Give an example of matrices A and B such that $AB = \mathbf{0}$, but $A \neq \mathbf{0}$ and $B \neq \mathbf{0}$. Here **0** is the matrix having zero entries only.

b) Find all 2×2 zero-one matrices such that their boolean square is the identity matrix (an answer only).

c) How many additions and multiplications total does is take to multiply a 2×5 matrix by 4×6 matrix using the standard row-column algorithm?

9. a) Suppose that S(n) be a proposition involving a nonnegative integer n, and that if S(k) is false for all k < n then so is S(n). Which of the following are possible (answers only).

- i) S(n) is false for all $n \ge 0$
- ii) There is an integer M > 0 such that S(n) is true for all $n \le M$ and false for all n > M
- iii) S(n) is true for all n
- iv) There is an integer M > 0 such that S(n) is false for all $n \leq M$ and true for all n > M.

b) A collection S of strings of characters is defined recursively by

- a belongs to S
- if Xa belongs to S then so do Xaa and Xb.

Which of the following belong to S:

- i) *b*
- ii) aa
- iii) ab
- iv) abb
- v) aab

10. a) How many students must be in a class to guarantee that at least k students with the same birthday in the year 2000?

- i) k = 1
- ii) k = 2
- iii) k = 3

b) A multiple choice exam has 20 questions each with 5 possible answers and 7 additional questions each with 3 possible answers. How many different answer sheets are possible?

11. a) In how many ways can a committee of 3 mathematicians and 5 computer scientists be selected from a panel of 20 having 10 mathematicians and 12 computer scientists?

b) Find the number of positive integer solutions of $x + y \le 100$.

12. a) Find the probability that a family with six children has a boy and a girl (sexes of children are assumed equiprobable and independent).

- b) What is the most likely number of boys?
- c) Find the probability of having at least one girl given the first three children are boys.

13. A fair die is rolled until the sum of the spots exceeds 2. What is the expected number of rolls?

14. An integer is randomly selected from 1 to 100. What is the probability that it is divisible by 2 or by 3 but not by 5?

15. Give an example of a relation on $\{a, b, c\}$ which is

- a) reflexive, not symmetric
- b) irreflexive, symmetric
- c) reflexive, symmetric, not transitive

16. a) Reorder the words in this phrase lexicographically.

b) Find the smallest possible poset having exactly two minimal elements and exactly three maximal elements. Does it have a greatest element and a least element (answers only)?

17. a) Indicate all possible vertices degrees occurring in the following graphs?

i) K_3

ii) C_{17}

- iii) W_{10}
- iv) $K_{3,5}$
- v) Q_4
- b) Is there a simple graph with exactly 3 vertices of degree 3?
- c) Is there a simple graph with 10 vertices and 46 edges?

d) Is there a connected graph with 100 vertices, 96 of them of degree two and 4 of degree one?

18. Which of the following graphs have an Euler circuit? An Euler path? A Hamilton circuit? A Hamilton path? (answers only)

19. Which of the following graphs are planar? (answers only)

20. a) Represent $(p \to \neg p) \to (p \to q)$ using an ordered rooted tree.

b) What is the prefix form of the term $(x - y)^2 - (x + y)^2$?

c) What is the value of the prefix expression -*1/623?