| What Are Algorithms? |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Algorithm | Implementation |
| - Step-by-step instructions <br> - Not specific to a language <br> - Could be a cooking recipe <br> - Outline for a program <br> - Good programmers <br> - Work on the algorith <br> - Implement in langua <br> - Why approach string | - Program for an algorithm <br> - In a specific language <br> - What we often call coding <br> - The filled in outline <br> n separate the two first <br> second <br> as search-cut-glue |

## Testing First Strategy

## - Write the Tests First

Could be script or written by hand

- Take Small Steps

Do a little at a time; make use of placeholders

- Intersperse Programming and Testing When you finish a step, test it immediately
- Separate Concerns

Do not move to a new step until current is done

## Difficulties With Programming



## Using Placeholders in Design

- Strategy: fill in definition a little at a time
- We start with a function stub
- Function that can be called but is unfinished
- Allows us to test while still working (later)
- All stubs must have a function header
- But the definition body might be "empty"
- Certainly is when you get started

| A Function Stub |
| :--- |
| def last_name_first(s): <br> ""'Returns: copy of $s$ in form 'last-name, 'first-name' <br> Precondition: s is in form 'first-name last-name' <br> with one blank between the two names""" <br> pass |
| Now pass is a note that is unfinished. <br> Can leave it there until work is done. |


| Outlining Your Approach |
| :--- |
| def last_name_first(s): |
| """Returns: copy of s in form 'last-name, 'first-name' |
| Precondition: s is in form 'first-name last-name' <br> with one blank between the two names""" <br> \# Find the space between the two names <br> \# Cut out the first name <br> \# Cut out the last name Psuedocode <br> \# Glue them together with a comma |

## What is the Challenge?

- Pseudocode must correspond to Python
- Preferably implementable in one line
- Unhelpful: \# Return the correct answer
- So what can we do?
- Depends on the types involved
- Different types have different operations
- You should memorize important operations
- Use these as building blocks


## Stubbed Returns for Incremental Testing

```
def last_name_first(s):
```

"""Returns: copy of s in form 'last-name, 'first-name'
Precondition: s is in form 'first-name last-name' with one blank between the two names"""
end_first = introcs.find_str(s,' ')
first $=\mathrm{s}$ [:end_first]
\# Cut out the last name
\# Glue them together with a comma
return first \# Not the final answer

## Working with Helpers

- Suppose you are unsure of a step
- You maybe have an idea for pseudocode
- But not sure if it easily converts to Python
- But you can specify what you want
- Specification means a new function!
- Create a specification stub for that function
- Put a call to it in the original function
- Now can lazily implement that function


## Example: last_name_first



## Exercise: Anglicizing an Integer

- anglicize(1) is "one"
- anglicize(15) is "fifteen"
- anglicize(123) is "one hundred twenty three"
- anglicize(10570) is "ten thousand five hundred def anglicize(n):
"""Returns: the anglicization of int $n$.
Precondition: $0<n<1,000,000$ """
pass \# ???

