

Modeling Storage in Python

- Global Space**
 - What you “start with”
 - Stores global variables
 - Also **modules & functions!**
 - Lasts until you quit Python
- Call Frame**
 - Variables in function call
 - Deleted when call done
- Heap Space**
 - Where “folders” are stored
 - Have to access indirectly

Memory and the Python Tutor

Functions and Global Space

- A function definition...
 - Creates a global variable (same name as function)
 - Creates a **folder** for body
 - Puts folder id in variable
- Variable vs. Call


```
>>> to_centigrade
<fun to_centigrade at 0x100498de8>
>>> to_centigrade(32)
0.0
```

Modules vs Objects

Recall: Call Frames

- Draw a frame for the call
- Assign the argument value to the parameter (in frame)
- Execute the function body
 - Look for variables in the frame
 - If not there, look for global variables with that name
- Erase the frame for the call

Call: to_centigrade(50.0)

```
def to_centigrade(x):
    return 5*(x-32)/9.0
```

Function Access to Global Space

- All function definitions are in some module
- Call can access global space for **that module**
 - math.cos: global for math
 - temperature.to_centigrade uses global for temperature
- But **cannot** change values
 - Assignment to a global makes a new local variable!
 - Why we limit to constants

```
# globals.py
a = 4 # global space

def change_a():
    a = 3.5 # local variable
```

